## One-period Valuation Model

1) Using the one-period valuation model, assuming a year-end dividend of $\$ 0.11$, an expected sales price of $\$ 110$, and a required rate of return of $10 \%$, the current price of the stock would be
2) Using the one-period valuation model, assuming a year-end dividend of $\$ 1.00$, an expected sales price of $\$ 100$, and a required rate of return of $5 \%$, the current price of the stock would be

## The Generalized Dividend Valuation Model

3) Using the Generalized dividend valuation model, If $D_{1}=\$ 1, D_{2}=\$ 3, D_{3}=\$ 5, P_{3}$ $=\$ 120$, and a required rate of return of $\left(\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{e}}\right) 5 \%$. What would be the current price the stock ( $\mathrm{P}_{0}$ )?

## The Gordon Growth Model

4) Using the Gordon growth formula, if $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ is $\$ 2.00, \mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{e}}$ is $12 \%$ or 0.12 , and g is $10 \%$ or 0.10 , then the current stock price is
5) Using the Gordon growth formula, if $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ is $\$ 1.00$, $\mathrm{ke}_{\mathrm{e}}$ is $10 \%$ or 0.10 , and g is $5 \%$ or 0.05 , then the current stock price is
